

Offshore Wind- the Next Frontier?

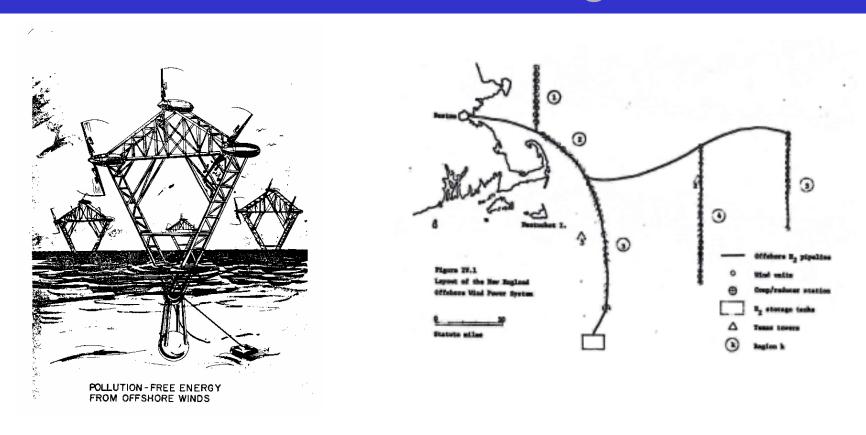
From the Futuristic to the Future October 25, 2001 J. F. Manwell, Ph. D. Director, Renewable Energy Research Laboratory Dept. of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering

University of Massachusetts Renewable Energy Research Laboratory

Univ. of Mass., Amherst, MA

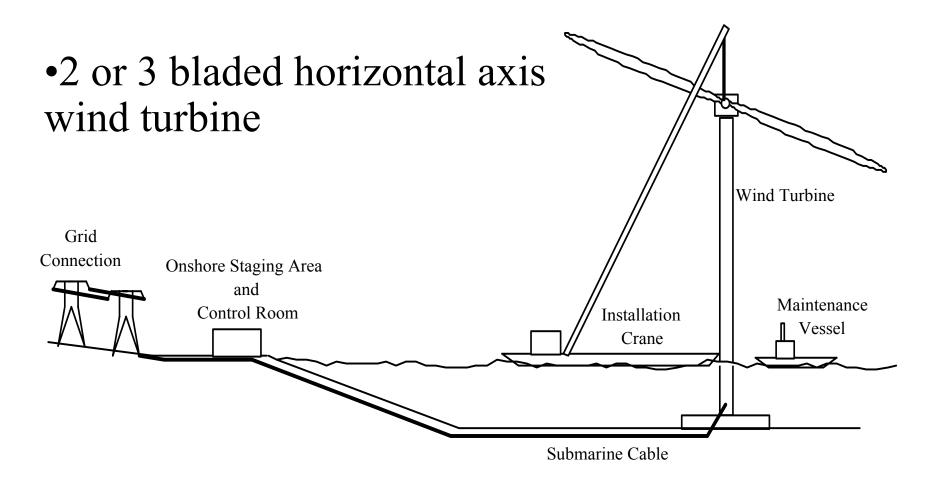


Early Conceptual Designs for Offshore Wind in New England

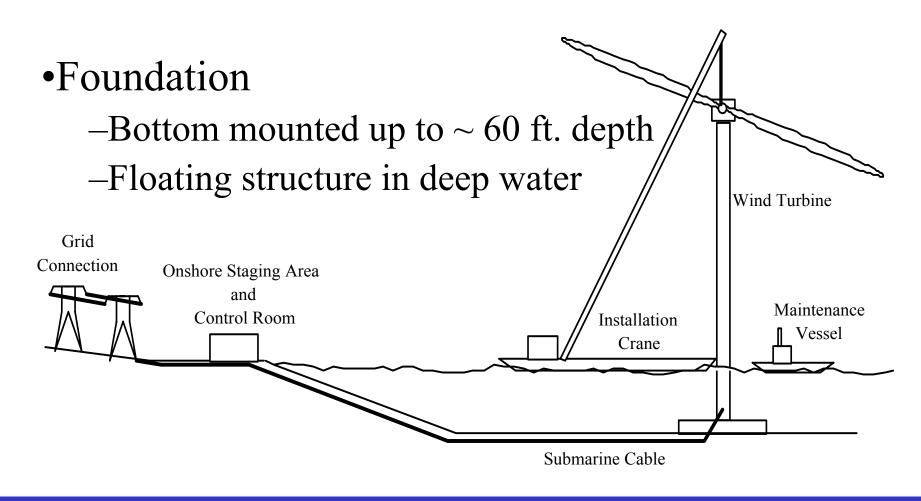


Wind Turbine/ Spar Buoy; Hydrogen Production/Transmission (Heronemus, UMass, 1973)

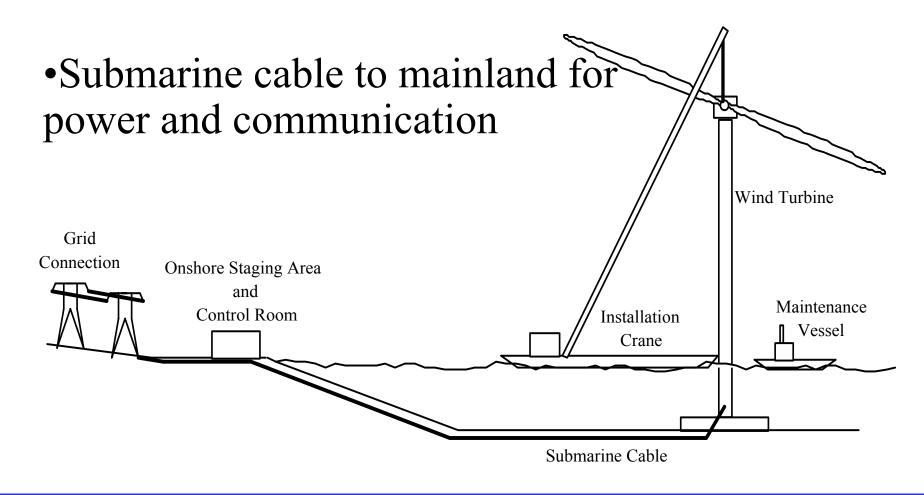




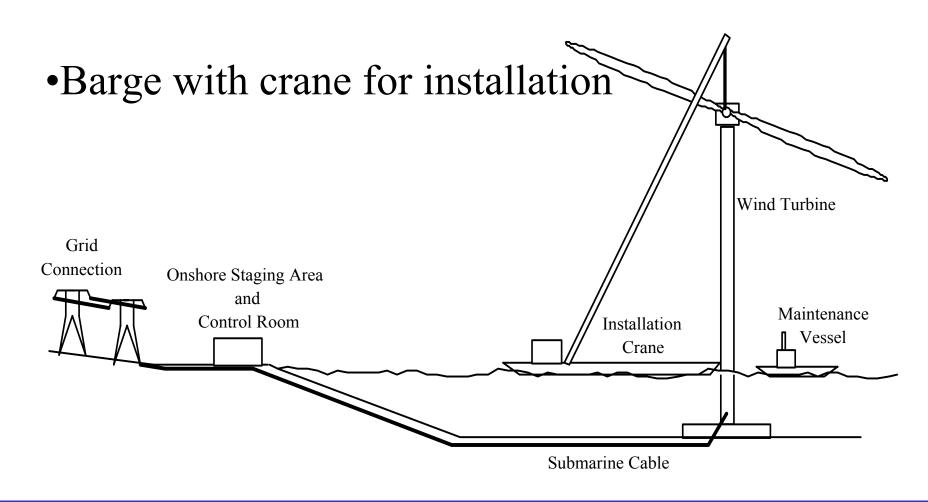




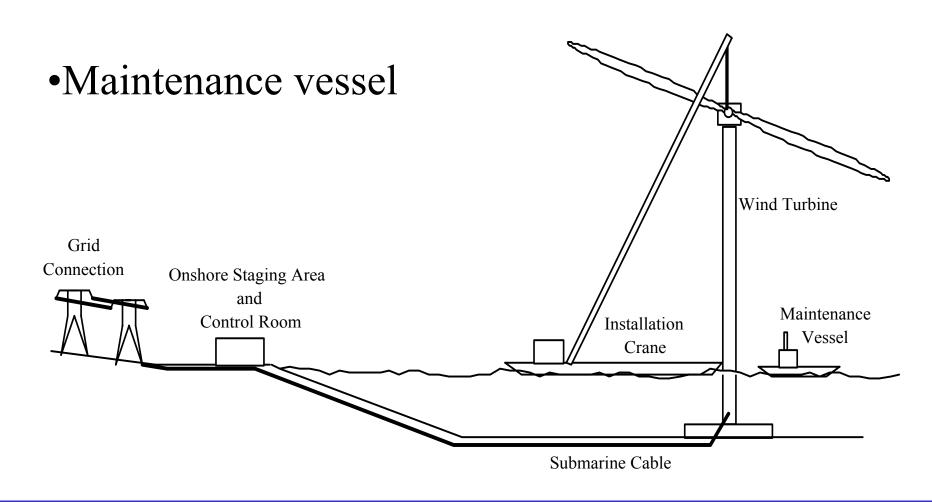














Why the Interest?

- Land use constraints onshore
- Higher winds than onshore
- Vast potential area and energy
- Lower turbulence
- Proximity to major load centers



European Experience with Offshore Wind

- First offshore wind farm 1991, 5 MW
- Largest project now 40 MW
- Major projects planned for Denmark, Germany, Sweden, Netherlands
- Plans for 4000 MW in Denmark by 2030



Example: Wind Farm Off Copenhagen, Denmark

- 20 x 2 MW
- ~ 1 mile offshore

View from sea

Panoramic view

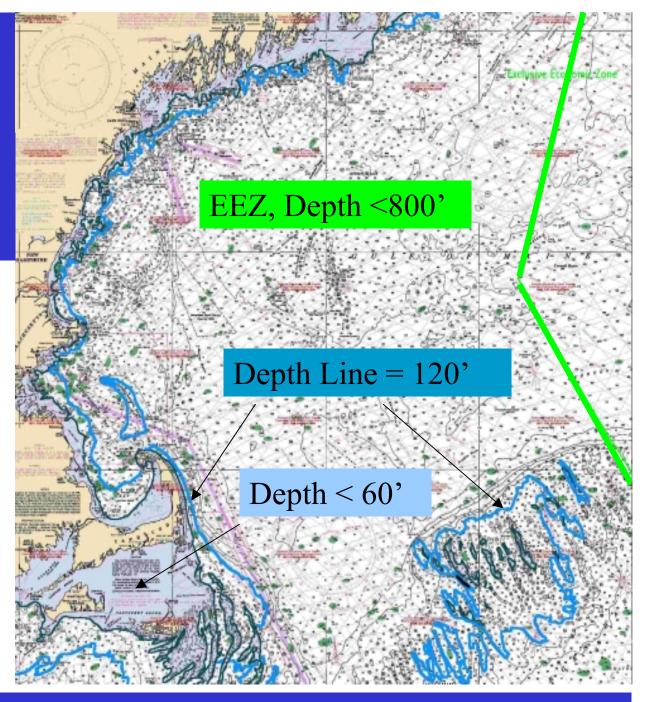






Water Depths Off New England

- •Significant area with near term commercial potential
- •All of Exclusive
 Economic Zone
 (EEZ) conceivable
 for moored floating
 systems





Technical Issues for Offshore Wind Development in New England

- Wind resource
- Extreme winds
- Waves
- Foundation designs for shallow water
- Floating structures for deep water
- Power transmission



Offshore Wind Economics

- Cost of Energy now ~\$0.04-0.09/kWh
- Costs affected by:
 - Mean wind speed
 - Site conditions
 - Distance from shore
 - Project size
- Floating systems presently estimated to cost ~\$0.10/kWh



Economic Impacts

- Capital intensive
- Local job creation in maritime industry
- Potential significant impact on utility fuel purchases and energy costs



Typical Economic Activity



Loading blades during construction of Utgrunden, Sweden, offshore wind farm



Conclusions (1)

- Offshore wind is a reality in Europe
- Wind turbine manufacturers have capability and interest in offshore wind energy
- New England has large offshore wind resource
- New England has long history in conceptualizing offshore wind energy development



Conclusions (2)

- Significant technical development required to reduce costs
- Floating systems technically feasible; extensive development required
- Siting issues are significant but appear solvable
- First U.S. offshore project remains to be developed